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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/787,148	02/27/2004	Choong-Bin Lim	9862-000019/US	4630	
	7590 02/05/2008 CKEY & PIERCE, P.L		EXAMINER		
P.O. BOX 8910)		SUN, SCOTT C		
RESTON, VA	20195		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
		,	2182		
•			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
		•	02/05/2008	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

			12.
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/787,148	LIM ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Scott Sun	2182	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence addres ·	SS
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period variety of the provision of the pr	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this commu CD (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 25 O	<u>ctober 2007</u> .		• •
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)☐ This	action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar			erits is
closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-18</u> is/are pending in the application.			
· 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	wn from consideration.		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-5,7-9 and 11-18</u> is/are rejected.			
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>6 and 10</u> is/are objected to.		•	
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.		
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ acc	epted or b)□ objected to by the	Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct			
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	caminer. Note the attached Office	e Action or form PTO-	152.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		•	
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	n)-(d) or (f).	
 Certified copies of the priority document 			
2. Certified copies of the priority document			
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior		ed in this National Sta	ige
application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list		ed	
See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receiv	eu.	
Attachment(s)	_		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summar Paper No(s)/Mail D		
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) 	5) Notice of Informal		
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:		

Application/Control Number:

10/787,148 Art Unit: 2182

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

- 1. Applicant's arguments filed 10/25/2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant's arguments are summarized as:
 - a. Prior art of record does not teach "adjusting respective buffer capacities".
- 2. Regarding argument 'a', examiner notes that applicant argues that prior art of record does not teach adjusting buffer overall capacity, e.g. a maximum capacity of the buffer (throughout page 8 of remarks). However, the claim does not distinguish between current and maximum capacities of the buffer. Rather, the claim merely states adjusting "respective buffer capacities of the buffers" with no mention to the type of capacity. Therefore, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e. "overall" or "maximum" capacity) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).
- 3. Having responded to each of applicant's arguments, examiner notes that prior art of record still provide a valid ground of rejection. New rejections are provided for the newly added claims 17 and 18.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 1-5, 7-9, 11-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over applicant's admitted prior art (hereinafter APA) in view of Terry et al (PG Pub #2004/0027997, hereinafter Terry).
- 1. Regarding claim 1, applicant's admitted prior art discloses a device (shown in prior art figures 3 and 6) for controlling a first plurality of endpoints (endpoints; figure 3) of a USB device, the device comprising: a plurality of buffers ("ping pong" buffers; figure 3, 6) allocated to the first plurality of endpoints, respectively (background; paragraph 11, 23); and an endpoint buffer controller (MCU 626; figure 6) for managing an exchange of packets between a host and the USB device (paragraphs 23-24).

Applicant's admitted prior art does not disclose explicitly obtaining buffer-utilization information or adaptively adjusting the buffers' capacities. However, Terry discloses obtaining buffer-utilization information (status of the buffer, quality indicator) for each of endpoints (data flows to which buffers are assigned, paragraph 25) and adaptively adjusting the respective buffer capacities of the buffers allocated each of the endpoints based upon the buffer utilization information (calculating and setting new capacity allocations, paragraphs 16, 24-26). Teachings of applicant's admitted prior art and Terry are from the same field of data buffering.

Therefore, it would have been obvious at the time of invention to combine teachings of applicant's admitted prior art with teachings of Terry by adding the buffer

adjustment logic into the buffer system of applicant's admitted prior art for the benefit of increasing performance of the transmission system (paragraph 15).

- 2. Regarding claim 2, applicant's admitted prior art and Terry combined disclose claim 1, and applicant's admitted prior art further discloses wherein each for the plurality of buffers has a plurality of units and a maximum size (maximum packet size) of unit_size x Z, where Z is a positive integer representing the total number of units per buffer, respectively (paragraph 25). Examiner notes that computer memory by definition is organized into a plurality of fixed size units (typically bytes).
- 3. Regarding claim 3-5, 7, applicant's admitted prior art and Terry combined disclose claim 1, and Terry further discloses counting NAK in a certain time period as a quality indicator to determine quality of channel and corresponding buffer sizes (paragraph 31). Applicant's admitted prior art and Terry does not disclose explicitly the specific hardware, as claimed by applicant, for implementing the method. However, such hardware would have been obvious design choices for a person of ordinary skill in the art in light of the teachings of Terry and applicant's admitted prior art. For example, a timer would be needed to track the time period taught by Terry, a counter would be needed to keep the count of NAK signals taught by Terry.
- 4. Regarding claim 8, applicant's admitted prior art and Terry combined disclose claim 1 and Terry further discloses wherein the buffers are first-in, first-out (FIFO) buffers (paragraph 12).
- 5. Regarding claims 9, 12-16, examiner notes that these claims contain limitations that are substantially similar to the above rejected claims, the same grounds of rejection

are applied. Note for claim 13 that applicant's admitted prior art disclose using SIE (serial interface engine; figure 2, paragraph 8) as interface to a USB host.

- 6. Claims 17 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over APA in view of Terry further in view of Georgiou et al (US Patent #7,003,597).
- 7. Regarding claim 17, APA and Terry combined disclose substantial portions of the claim (see rejection of claim 1) but do not disclose explicitly adjusting a number of the buffers allocated to each of the endpoints based upon the buffer utilization. However, Georgiou discloses adjusting a number of the buffers allocated based upon the buffer utilization (reallocating the more buffers to compensate for overused buffers) column 3, lines 23-27). Teachings of APA, Terry, and Georgiou are from the same field of buffer space allocation.

Therefore, it would have been obvious at the time of invention to combine teachings of applicant's admitted prior art with teachings of Terry and further with teachings of Georgiou by using buffer reallocation scheme of Georgiou in the combined system of Terry and APA for the benefit of decreasing wasted buffer space (column 3, lines 14-16).

8. Regarding claim 18, the limitation is substantially similar to that in claim 1. The same grounds of rejection is applied.

Allowable Subject Matter

6. Claims 6 and 10 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. See previous office action dated 9/29/2006 for reasons for allowance.

Conclusion

7. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Scott Sun whose telephone number is (571) 272-2675. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thu, 10:00am-8pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Henry Tsai can be reached on (571) 272-4176. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

SS

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER